Numb. CXXV.] THE [December 13, 1788.

PITTSBURGH GAZETTE

Price Six-Pence.] SATURDAY, December 13, 1788. [Vol. III.

James M'Kay, Bluedyer,

INFORMS the public that he follows the Blue dying buſineſs in the town of Waſhington. Any perſon in or near Pittſburgh, wanting yarn dyed, by leaving it at Mr. David Watſon's, Tanner, ſhall have it regularly returned in the ſpace of one month from the time he receives it. July 14, 1788.

Juſt imported in the laſt veſſels from Europe to Baltimore and George Town, and now opening at Pittſburgh, a Large and General Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and WEST-INDIA GOODS, which will be ſold on the loweſt terms, wholeſale and retail, by

Elliot, Williams,

And COMPANY,

At their Store the corner of Front and Ferry Streets, lately occupied by Mr. Devereux Smith.

DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, and CUTLERY

BLUE, green, olive, claret, mixed, drab 7-8 duffils
Blue, green, ſcarlet, claret, brown, bottle-green, mixed, drab, 6-4 broad cloths
Womens ſcarlet cardinals
Blue, green, pink, drab, and brown camblets
Blue, yellow, green, pink brown and white calimancoes
Blue, green, brown drab and white ſhalloons
Blue, green, crimſon and pink moreens
Blue, green, brown and drab antaloons
Pink, green, blue and drab joans ſpinning.
Joans and fuſtians of different qualities
Nankeens
Corduroys, velvets and velverets of different kinds.
Buff ſattinet
Cotton ribbed do.
Chintzes, calicoes and printed linens of all widths and prices
Yard and 7-8 Iriſh linens
Ruſſia ſheetings
German oznabrigs and ticklenburghs
Bandanoe, Barcelona, black and figured ſilk linen and cotton handkerchiefs of all ſizes
Muſlin, lawn, and kenting do.
Silk, thread, cotton, and worſted mens and womens hoſe
Mantuas, ſattins, pelongs and perſians
Black and white flowered, figured and plain gauze
Figured and plain muſlin
Book and jaconet muſlin
Humhums
Plain and ſprigged lawns
Flowered and needle worked lawn aprons
Coverlids
Blankets of all kinds and qualities
Black, white, ſilk and thread lace
Silk and hair twiſt
Sewing ſilk of different kinds.
White and colrd. thread
Bobbin
Tapes
Tully and lettered gartering
Quality binding
Check of all kinds
Mens fine and coarſe hats
Childreos do.
Womens beaver, Dunſtable & Leghorn hats of the neweſt faſhion
Mens & womens ſilk thread & leather gloves & mitts
Womens ſtuff & leather ſhoes
Mens boots & ſhoes
Childrens ſhoes
Elegant fans
Umbrellas
Double gilt coat & waiſtcoat buttons
Baſket, mohair & metal buttons
Leather, braſs & japanned ink pots
Sealing wax & wafers
Writing paper & quills
Powder bags and puffs
Hair powder and pomatum
Shaving boxes & bruſhes
Dreſſing & looking glaſſes
Barbers dreſſing combs
Ivory & ridding do.
Womens crooked do.
Tooth bruſhes
Clothes do.
Sweeping do.
Shoe & buckle do.
Black ball
Oſtrich feathers
Fox tail do.
Curry combs & bruſhes
Snuff in bottles
Playing cards
Wool & cotton cards
Cotton in bags
Tumblers & wine glaſſes
Carpenters & ſhoemakers tools well aſſorted
Caſtings of all kinds well aſſorted
Knives & forks
Deſert do.
Carving do.
Butchers do.
Pen do.
Pocket do.
Womens & taylors ſciſſars & ſhears
Ditto thimbles
Razors with ſtrops complete
Pinchbeck, braſs & plated ſhoe & knee buckles
Stock & hat do.
Sleeve do.
Cork ſcrews
Gimblets of all ſixes
Plated and ſteel ſpurs
Sawmill, croſs cut and whip ſaws
Steel plated and common hand do.
Surveyors compaſſes
Smoothing irons
Candleſticks and ſnuffers
Hair pins
Aſſorted watch chains & ſeals
Hooks and eyes
White Chapel needles
Needles and pins
Knitting needles
Braſs curtain rings
Spectacles
Money ſcales
Scythes and ſickles
Frying pans
Gridirons
Saddles and birdles
Stirrup irons
Locks and hinges of all kinds
Braſs cocks
Jews harps
Pewter diſhes, plates baſons and mugs of different ſizes
Tin kettles
Tea cups and ſaucers
Crowley's ſteel
Bar iron
Nails of all kinds
Gunpowder, ſhot and bar lead
Flints

GROCERIES.

Beſt hyſon tea
Souchong and bohea do.
Coffee
Chocolate
Loaf Sugar
Muſcovado do.
Molaſſes
Pepper
Alſpice
Nutmegs
Cinnamon
Mace
Cloves
Almonds
Raiſins
Prunes
Figs
Madder
Red wood
Caſtile ſoap
Madeira, Claret, Port, and Liſbon wines
Jamaica ſpirits
Weſt India rum
Shrub and
Porter.

They will receive in payment for any of the above articles, caſh, ginſeng, peltry, bacon, beef, cattle on foot, whiſkey, flour, butter, cheeſe, tallow, candlewick, hard ſoap, and vinegar. They flatter themſelves they will merit the attention of the public by ſelling their goods cheap, and keeping a well aſſorted Store.

Pittſburgh, July 18, 1788.

LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Poſt-Office, Pittſburgh, November 24, 1788.

A.

JOHN Adams, 2; Andrew Archbald, Cate Adams, William Anderſon.

B.

Captain Samuel Brady, 2; Hugh Biggam, 2; Hy. Blakeway, 3; Daniel Broadhead, jun. David Burch, John Buchannan, Col. Abram Beaufort, William Bachop, Hugh Bell, Robert Bell, Eſquire, Thomas Bell, Robert Bomam.

C.

William Clark, 2; Thomas Creighton, Joſeph Campbell, John Cahill, Samuel Clark, Daniel Craſs, John Cowan, John Cunningham, David Coventry, William Crage.

D.

Andrew Dodds, Pierre Drouillar, Matthias Denman, James Donnelly, Thomas Davidſon, Ephraim Douglaſs.

E.

George Elliot, Jared Everton.

F.

William Findley, Eſq. 3; Hugh Ferrin, Sam. Fiſher, William Fulton.

G.

Jennet Getty, Marcus Graham, 2; John Gallagher, William Grier, Caty Grubbs, Jacob Grubbs, John Gotherie, Robert Gill, William Gibſon.

H.

Robert Hamon, Thomas Herres, Joſeph Halſey, Samuel Hanway, Malachy Hays, 2; Poland Hunter, James Hartley, William Hamilton, 2; John Chriſtian Von Harman.

I.

John Jackſon, Robert Jones.

K.

Philip Karcker, John Kelly, William Kelly, James Kerr.

L.

David Logan, 2; John Logan, 2; William Ledlie, Iams Lague, John Leedom.

M.

James Miller, Joſeph Morriſon. 2; Thomas M'Kibben, 2; James Mitchell George Maſon, jun. John M'Glumphy, Robert Moorhead, John M'Cracken. Andrew M'Clelland, Robert Martin. jun. John Miller, Samuel Morraw, James M'Kee, Robert Mitchell. Robert M Nair, Thomas Millbourn, Samuel M'Elhiney, Niel Murtay, William Mac Ghea. John M'Pherrin, Alex. M'Williams, James M'Coomb, Iſaac Miller, James M'Curdy, Eſther M'Cluer, otherways Rouland, Alexander M'Culloch, John M'Dowel, Eſq. John M'Dowal, William M'Conneck, Francis M'Sorly, Samuel Muchmore. Uriah Matſon, George Mitchell, Andrew or John M Ferron, Daniel M'Aninch.

O.

James Orran, Henry Owen.

P.

William Porter, William Parker 2; Samuel Phillips, William Park, Jonathan Plumer, John Pawley, Ch. Perrin, 2.

R.

William Reddland, 2; Samuel Robinſon, William Rhoads, John Richey, Thomas Ramſay.

S.

John Stewart, 2; John Simeral. Patrick Sheridan, William Strean, George Smith, William Sleator, Joſeph Scott, George Scott, 2; John Smilie, Eſq. colonel Shepherd, Samuel Thompſon, 2.

W.

Andrew Walker; 2; Samuel Watt, Eliſha Wade, George Wood, William Waddall, James Waddle. James Walker or David Beatty, Alexander Wright, Eſq; James Wells, Caſper Weaver.

Z.

Revd. Mr. Zutge.

WHEREAS Marmaduke Jameſon, of Mount Pleaſant townſhip, in the county of Weſtmoreland, and ſtate of Pennſylvania, did on the 8th day of November, 1785, ſign and ſell to me one hundred and fifty acres of land, adjoining to lands of John Chriſty on the eaſt, and John Maguire on the weſt, in the county and ſtate aforeſaid In payment whereof I gave him a certain ſum of money, and ſeven notes of hand, payable to the ſaid Marmaduke Jameſon or order, all dated the day and year abovementioned, viz.

One for ten pounds, payable November 8th, 1786.
One for ten pounds, payable November 8th, 1787.
One for ten pounds, payable November 8th, 1788.
One for ten pounds, payable November 8th, 1789.
One for ten pounds, payable November 8th, 1790.
One for ten pounds, payable November 8th, 1791.
And One for nine pounds ten ſhillings, payable November 8th, 1792.

And whereas I find the ſaid lands is the juſt and legal property of brigadier general Harmar, and that the ſaid Marmaduke Jameſon hath not, nor never had any legal right thereto; I do by theſe preſents give notice, that I will never pay the above notes nor either of them to the ſaid Jameſon or order, or to his heirs or aſſigns, having never received value for them nor either of them.

THOMAS WINTER.

Greenſburgh, Nov. 22, 1788.

Foreign Intelligence.

LONDON, Aug. 28.

WE learn from Lyons, that the receiver general of the finances at that place, has run off, leaving a deficiency of 1,200,000 livres.

The Tartar, captain Froſt, with 400 ſlaves on board, was blown up in coming off the coaſt, and all on board periſhed

Among the convicts in Newgate for tranſportation are 103 women.

Sept. 4. In the afternoon of the 2nd of Auguſt, Mr. Flint, one of his Britannic majeſty's meſſengers

passed through Hamburgh in his way to Copenhagen. The object of his mission is not yet publicly known, but avaricious speculations have been founded upon the fact at Hamburgh.

Count de Lusi, late envoy extraordinary to the court of London from his Prussian majesty, is, we hear, appointed to go to Constantinople, and as he is a Grecian by birth, and speaks Turkish and the Lingua Franca, it is conjectured that the object of his embassy is of considerable importance.

By advices received yesterday morning from Petersburgh, we learn that the Swedish and Russian armies have had an engagement in Finland, in which two battalions of Swedish chasseurs suffered much, and one of their advanced posts was captured. The grand duke of Russia is still at Wyburg.

By advice from Madrid, which arrived yesterday we learn, that the moors made a vigorous attack upon the fortress of Ceuta the 27th of July, in consequence of which several additional regiments have been ordered to proceed thither with all possible dispatch.

In the late engagement between the Russian and Swedish fleets, the loss of the Russian fleet was 319 killed, and 666 wounded, exclusive of the killed and wounded on board the Russian ship that was taken, which amounted to near 300. Total 1300.

In an article in the Hamburgh Gazette, dated St. Petersburgh, August 8, there is an account of a further engagement between the Russians and the Turks on the 14th of July, near Reodisti, which proved eminently successful on the part of the Russians. The fleet of the empress consisted of two ships of the line of 66 guns each, four of 50, eight of 40, and twenty four smaller vessels, under the command of vice admiral Wainowich, the captain pacha commanded fifteen ships of the line, three bombs, and a number of frigates on the part of the Turks. The engagement lasted five hours, and after a severe cannonading and throwing of shells by the Turkish squadron, the Turks were beaten, and obliged to quit the scene of action. According to the Russian account they lost only five men, and had but two wounded, and they took a chebecque from the Turks.

It is reported, that Paul Jones died on the black sea of a putrid fever.

A forgery has been detected on the Glasgow merchant banking company. Their one pound notes have been counterfeited with considerable art.

Sept. 8. An insurrection happened lately at Vienna, on account of the scarcity of bread, and even that scarcity short of weight, and held back from sale in order to enhance the price. The town guard was repulsed by the mob, and the bakers ill treated, but the regiments of Kaunitz and Lafey restored the public peace and government is enquiring into the frauds of the bakers, for the purpose of punishing the culpable, to whom alone the commotion is attributed

American News.

NEW-YORK, November 6.

A London paper of Sept 5, mentions, "that the Bellona, cruising with three other Swedish frigates in the north seas, captured a store ship of 26 guns and 95 men, under convoy of a Russian fleet, and carried her into Marstrand on Saturday last, which proved a very valuable prize. Her cargo consists of 128 cannon with their ammunition; two silver table services, with furniture, for the admirals in the black sea, the prince of Nassau and Paul Jones; besides fine mahogany chairs, &c. &c. also 200 suits of clothes for the Russian troops. Three Russian ships of 100 guns each, chased our frigates as far as Marstrand.

SALEM, November 11.

Extract of a letter from an American gentlemen in London, dated August 27.

"The Americans have surprised the world more in adopting the new government, than in any of their former atchievements The true Britons are severely mortified; the mercantile interest are well enough pleased; and the patriots in France as well as in Holland sincerely rejoice with us. The American character is much higher now than it was two years ago.

RICHMOND, (Virginia) November 11.

Extract of a letter dated Greene county, North Carolina, October 25, 1788.

"On the 18th, Gallespy's fort, below the mouth of Little river, on Holstein, a little after sunrise, was furiously attacked by about 300 Indians, under the command of John Watts. The few men in the fort made a gallant resistance: but being overpowered by numbers, and their ammunition being expended, the Indians rushed over the walls, or rather the roofs of the cabins, which made part of the fort; great was the horror of the scene that then ensued. The best accounts say our loss is 28 persons, mostly women and children, as several of the men belonging to the fort, were abroad at the time.

"This body we are told, is part of a much larger one now encamped at Chota, composed of both Creeks and Cherokees, said to be under the direction of Alexander M'Gillivray. And I am just now informed, that one thousand Indians have crossed the Tenesee, in two divisions, and that one of them had attacked major Houston's fort, and the other was near captain White's, on the north side of Holstein. The whole of our militia are under marching orders, and col. Kenedy has already set out with those that were first ready; resolving to defend the country to the last extremity. So that you may shortly expect to hear of a bloody scene indeed.

"Major King is returned from the middle settlements, and gives but little encouragement of a prospect of peace; he went by the way of Swannanno, and proceeded through several towns, and returned down the Tenasee, untill he met with a party of Indians returning from Gallespy's fort. They dissuaded him from proceeding to Chota, saying the Indians in the main camp were angry and might kill him,---The party of Indians gave the major a relation of what passed at the attack on our fort, and said the Indians have several prisoners.

"Colonel Martin since his unsuccessful expedition is become unpopular Sevier is yet in confinement ---North Carolina, notwithstanding the encouragement given by her executive in July last, supports us but feebly; and it will be our hard lot singly and alone, to contend with the combined forces of two numerous tribes, well supplied by a neighbouring state, and it is said countenanced by congress. It is a hard case to condemn an individual unheard; but far worse a whole people, and the more so, when barbarians are to be the executioner, and the innocent to suffer with the guilty. The humanity and justice of the rulers of the nation, will surely revolt at such consequences, when they are fully and rightly informed."

On Saturday last, the legislature of this commonwealth appointed the honorable Richard Henry Lee and William Grayson, esquires, representatives in the senate of the United States.

These gentlemen are eminent for their virtues and abilities, and merit the highest gratitude from their country, for their uniformity and firmness in supporting the rights and liberties, and promoting the happiness of mankind.

ALEXANDRIA, (Virginia) November 6.

A gentleman in Richmond has favored us with the following resolves of the general assembly now sitting at that place.

Whereas the convention of the delegates of the people of this commonwealth, in June last, did ratify a constitution or form of government for the United States, referred to them for their consideration, and did also declare that sundry amendments to exceptionable parts of the same ought to be adopted: And whereas the subject matter of the amendments agreed to by the said convention, involves all the great, essential and unalterable rights, liberties and privileges of freemen, many of which, if not cancelled, are rendered insecure under the said constitution until the same shall be altered and amended.

Therefore, Resolved, That it is the opinion of this committee, that for quieting the minds of the good citizens of this commonwealth, and securing their dearest rights and liberties, and preventing those disorders which must arise under a government not founded in the confidence of the people, application be made to the congress of the United States, as soon as they shall assemble under the said constitution to call a convention for proposing amendments to the same, according to the mode therein directed.

Resolved, That it is the opinion of this committee that a committee be appointed to draw up and report to this house a proper instrument of writing, expressing the sense of the general assembly, and pointing out the reasons which induce them to urge their application thus early for calling a convention of the states.

Resolved, That the said committee be directed to prepare the draught of a letter, in answer to one received from his excellency George Clinton, esquire, president of the convention of New-York, and a circular letter on the aforesaid subject to the other states in the union, expressive of the wish of the general assembly of this commonwealth, that they may join in an application to the new congress, to appoint a convention of the states as soon as the congress shall be assembled under the new constitution.

PHILADELPHIA, November 12.

People from Niagara report, that the emigrants to that place have flocked thither in such numbers that they have been reduced to the necessity of eating horse flesh. Strange infatuation, when there are millions of acres of choice land on Hudsons and the Mohawk rivers, Delaware, Susquehanna, &c. from which navigation to a good market offers, and where mills, stores, schools, places of worship, &c, are others building every season.

Nov. 19. On Wednesday last, the honorable Charles Biddle, esquire, was re-elected secretary of the supreme executive council, of this commonwealth for the year ensuing.

J. B. Smith, esquire, having resigned his office of prothonotary, James Biddle, esq' is appointed in his room.

In Council, November 14, 1788.

Resolved, That within five weeks after the election of president and vice president, the council shall annually examine into the conduct of all officers of government, whose appointments are in the power of council, and likewise make enquiry respecting the the circumstances of their respective bails, in order to remove those officers who may appear negligent, or unfaithful, in the discharge of their duty, and to remedy any defects that may appear respecting their sureties. Extract from the minutes,

Charles Biddle, secretary.

Minutes of the General Assembly,
Friday, November 21, 1788.

A memorial from the committee of the manufacturing fund of the Pennsylvania society for promoting of manufactures and useful arts, was read, setting forth, that they have at length by actual experiment ascertained the practicability of carrying on the manufacture of divers kinds of cotton goods to great advantage, and stating the advantage which may be derived by the introduction of some of the most improved machines now used in Great Britain; that an artist, skilled in constructing those machines, is now in this city, who has offered his services, but the limited state of their funds is insufficient to avail themselves of this important advantage, therefore praying the aid of this house.

Ordered to lie on the table.

Agreeably to the order of the day, the house proceeded to the election of a treasurer of this state for the ensuing year; and the ballots being taken, it appeared that D. Rittenhouse, esq. was elected.

The committee appointed for the purpose, reported a bill, entitled "an act, to repeal an act, entitled, "An act to suspend the powers of the trustees of Westmoreland county," which was read the first time, and ordered to lie on the table.

The committee of accounts made report, which was read as follows, viz.

The committee of accounts beg leave to report,---That they have received from David Rittenhouse, esquire state treasurer; the sum of one million three hundred and ninety-one thousand, two hundred and ninety one dollars in bills of credit, emitted by resolution of congress of the 18th day of March, 1780, and by act of general assembly of the 1st day of June, 1780, all of which bills they have examined, counted, burnt, and destroyed according to law,

The bill entitled, "an act to repeal an act, entitled, "an act to suspend the powers of the trustees of Westmoreland county," was read the second time and debated by paragraphs.

Ordered, That it be transcribed for the third reading, and forthwith printed for consideration.

Saturday, November 22, 1788.

The committee appointed for the purpose, reported a bill, entitled, "A supplement to the act entitled, an act to provide for the payment of the principal and interest of such of the bills emitted pursuant to resolution of congress of the 18th day of March, 1780 and act of the legislature of this state of June the 1st, 1780, as shall remain unredeemed on the 31st day of December, 1786," which was read; and on motion and by special order, the same was read the second time, and debated by paragraphs.

Ordered, That it be transcribed for a third reading, and forthwith printed for public consideration.

A letter from his excellency the president of the supreme executive council was presented to the chair and read as follows, viz.

In Council, Philadelphia, November 22, 1788.

SIR,

I have the honor to transmit to you a letter which council received this morning, dated November 3d, 1788, from Richard Butler and Fort Harmar, Gibson, esquires, commissioners for purchasing of the Indians the tract of country lying on lake Erie, and ceded to this state by the United States, together with a list of goods immediately wanted for that purpose.

Council wish to be informed if any fund hath been

paſſed through Hamburgh in his way to Copenhagen. The object of his miſſion is not yet publicly known, but avaricious ſpeculations have been founded upon the fact at Hamburgh.

Count de Luſi, late envoy extraordinary to the court of London from his Pruſſian majeſty, is, we hear, appointed to go to Conſtantinople, and as he is a Grecian by birth, and ſpeaks Turkiſh and the Lingua Franca, it is conjectured that the object of his embaſſy is of conſiderable importance.

By advices received yeſterday morning from Peterſburgh, we learn that the Swediſh and Ruſſian armies have had an engagement in Finland, in which two battalions of Swediſh chaſſeurs ſuffered much, and one of their advanced poſts was captured. The grand duke of Ruſſia is ſtill at Wyburg.

By advice from Madrid, which arrived yeſterday we learn, that the moors made a vigorous attack upon the fortreſs of Ceuta the 27th of July, in conſequence of which ſeveral additional regiments have been ordered to proceed thither with all poſſible diſpatch.

In the late engagement between the Ruſſian and Swediſh fleets, the loſs of the Ruſſian fleet was 319 killed, and 666 wounded, excluſive of the killed and wounded on board the Ruſſian ſhip that was taken, which amounted to near 300. Total 1300.

In an article in the Hamburgh Gazette, dated St. Peterſburgh, Auguſt 8, there is an account of a further engagement between the Ruſſians and the Turks on the 14th of July, near Reodiſſi, which proved eminently ſucceſsful on the part of the Ruſſians. The fleet of the empreſs conſiſted of two ſhips of the line of 66 guns each, four of 50, eight of 40, and twenty-four ſmaller veſſels, under the command of vice admiral Wainowich, the captain pacha commanded fifteen ſhips of the line, three bombs, and a number of frigates on the part of the Turks. The engagement laſted five hours, and after a ſevere cannonading and throwing of ſhells by the Turkiſh ſquadron, the Turks were beaten, and obliged to quit the ſcene of action. According to the Ruſſian account they loſt only five men, and had but two wounded, and they took a chebecque from the Turks.

It is reported, that Paul Jones died on the black ſea of a putrid fever.

A forgery has been detected on the Glaſgow merchant banking company. Their one pound notes have been counterfeited with conſiderable art.

Sept. 8. An inſurrection happened lately at Vienna, on account of the ſcarcity of bread, and even that ſcarcity ſhort of weight, and held back from ſale in order to enhance the price. The town guard was repulſed by the mob, and the bakers ill treated, but the regiments of Kaunitz and Lafey reſtored the public peace and government is enquiring into the frauds of the bakers, for the purpoſe of puniſhing the culpable, to whom alone the commotion is attributed

American News.

NEW-YORK, November 6.

A London paper of Sept 5, mentions, "that the Bellona, cruiſing with three other Swediſh frigates in the north ſeas, captured a ſtore ſhip of 26 guns and 95 men, under convoy of a Ruſſian fleet, and carried her into Marſtrand on Saturday laſt, which proved a very valuable prize. Her cargo conſiſts of 128 cannon with their ammunition; two ſilver table ſervices, with furniture, for the admirals in the black ſea, the prince of Naſſau and Paul Jones; beſides fine mahogany chairs, &c. &c. alſo 200 ſuits of clothes for the Ruſſian troops. Three Ruſſian ſhips of 100 guns each, chaſed our frigates as far as Marſtrand.

SALEM, November 11.

Extract of a letter from an American gentlemen in London, dated Auguſt 27.

"The Americans have ſurpriſed the world more in adopting the new government, than in any of their former atchievements The true Britons are ſeverely mortified; the mercantile intereſt are well enough pleaſed; and the patriots in France as well as in Holland ſincerely rejoice with us. The American character is much higher now than it was two years ago.

RICHMOND, (Virginia) November 11.

Extract of a letter dated Greene county, North Carolina, October 25, 1788.

"On the 18th, Galleſpy's fort, below the mouth of Little river, on Holſtein, a little after ſunriſe, was furiouſly attacked by about 300 Indians, under the command of John Watts. The few men in the fort made a gallant reſiſtance; but being overpowered by numbers, and their ammunition being expended, the Indians ruſhed over the walls, or rather the roofs of the cabins, which made part of the fort; great was the horror of the ſcene that then enſued. The beſt accounts ſay our loſs is 28 perſons, moſtly women and children, as ſeveral of the men belonging to the fort, were abroad at the time.

"This body we are told, is part of a much larger one now encamped at Chota, compoſed of both Creeks and Cherokees, ſaid to be under the direction of Alexander M'Gillivray. And I am juſt now informed, that one thouſand Indians have croſſed the Teneſee, in two diviſions, and that one of them had attacked major Houſton's fort, and the other was near captain White's, on the north ſide of Holſtein. The whole of our militia are under marching orders, and col. Kenedy has already ſet out with thoſe that were firſt ready; reſolving to defend the country to the laſt extremity. So that you may ſhortly expect to hear of a bloody ſcene indeed.

"Major King is returned from the middle ſettlements, and gives but little encouragement of a proſpect of peace; he went by the way of Swannanno, and proceeded through ſeveral towns, and returned down the Tenaſee, untill he met with a party of Indians returning from Galleſpy's fort. They diſſuaded him from proceeding to Chota, ſaying the Indians in the main camp were angry and might kill him. The party of Indians gave the major a relation of what paſſed at the attack on our fort, and ſaid the Indians have ſeveral priſoners.

"Colonel Martin ſince his unſucceſsful expedition is become unpopular Sevier is yet in confinement ---North Carolina, notwithſtanding the encouragement given by her executive in July laſt, ſupports us but feebly; and it will be our hard lot ſingly and alone, to contend with the combined forces of two numerous tribes, well ſupplied by a neighbouring ſtate, and it is ſaid countenanced by congreſs. It is a hard caſe to condemn an individual unheard; but far worſe a whole people, and the more ſo, when barbarians are to be the executioner, and the innocent to ſuffer with the guilty. The humanity and juſtice of the rulers of the nation, will ſurely revolt at ſuch conſequences, when they are fully and rightly informed."

On Saturday laſt, the legiſlature of this commonwealth appointed the honorable Richard Henry Lee and William Grayſon, eſquires, repreſentatives in the ſenate of the United States.

Theſe gentlemen are eminent for their virtues and abilities, and merit the higheſt gratitude from their country, for their uniformity and firmneſs in ſupporting the rights and liberties, and promoting the happineſs of mankind.

ALEXANDRIA, (Virginia) November 6.

A gentleman in Richmond has favored us with the following reſolves of the general aſſembly now ſitting at that place.

Whereas the convention of the delegates of the people of this commonwealth, in June laſt, did ratify a conſtitution or form of government for the United States, referred to them for their conſideration, and did alſo declare that ſundry amendments to exceptionable parts of the ſame ought to be adopted: And whereas the ſubject matter of the amendments agreed to by the ſaid convention, involves all the great, eſſential and unalterable rights, liberties and privileges of freemen, many of which, if not cancelled, are rendered inſecure under the ſaid conſtitution until the ſame ſhall be altered and amended.

Therefore, Reſolved, That it is the opinion of this committee, that for quieting the minds of the good citizens of this commonwealth, and ſecuring their deareſt rights and liberties, and preventing thoſe diſorders which muſt ariſe under a government not founded in the confidence of the people, application be made to the congreſs of the United States, as ſoon as they ſhall aſſemble under the ſaid conſtitution to call a convention for propoſing amendments to the ſame, according to the mode therein directed.

Reſolved, That it is the opinion of this committee that a committee be appointed to draw up and report to this houſe a proper inſtrument of writing, expreſſing the ſenſe of the general aſſembly, and pointing out the reaſons which induce them to urge their application thus early for calling a convention of the ſtates.

Reſolved, That the ſaid committee be directed to prepare the draught of a letter, in anſwer to one received from his excellency George Clinton, eſquire, preſident of the convention of New-York, and a circular letter on the aforeſaid ſubject to the other ſtates in the union, expreſſive of the wiſh of the general aſſembly of this commonwealth, that they may join in an application to the new congreſs, to appoint a convention of the ſtates as ſoon as the congreſs ſhall be aſſembled under the new conſtitution.

PHILADELPHIA, November 12.

People from Niagara report, that the emigrants to that place have flocked thither in ſuch numbers that they have been reduced to the neceſſity of eating horſe fleſh. Strange infatuation, when there are millions of acres of choice land on Hudſons and the Mohawk rivers, Delaware, Suſquehanna, &c. from which navigation to a good market offers, and where mills, ſtores, ſchools, places of worſhip, &c. are others building every ſeaſon.

Nov. 19. On Wedneſday laſt, the honorable Charles Biddle, eſquire, was re-elected ſecretary of the ſupreme executive council, of this commonwealth for the year enſuing.

J. B. Smith, eſquire, having reſigned his office of prothonotary, James Biddle, eſq' is appointed in his room.

In Council, November 14, 1788.

Reſolved, That within five weeks after the election of preſident and vice preſident, the council ſhall annually examine into the conduct of all officers of government, whoſe appointments are in the power of council, and likewiſe make enquiry reſpecting the the circumſtances of their reſpective bails, in order to remove thoſe officers who may appear negligent, or unfaithful, in the diſcharge of their duty, and to remedy any defects that may appear reſpecting their ſureties. Extract from the minutes,

Charles Biddle, ſecretary.

Minutes of the General Aſſembly,
Friday, November 21, 1788.

A memorial from the committee of the manufacturing fund of the Pennſylvania ſociety for promoting of manufactures and uſeful arts, was read, ſetting forth, that they have at length by actual experiment aſcertained the practicability of carrying on the manufacture of divers kinds of cotton goods to great advantage, and ſtating the advantage which may be derived by the introduction of ſome of the moſt improved machines now uſed in Great Britain; that an artiſt, ſkilled in conſtructing thoſe machines, is now in this city, who has offered his ſervices, but the limited ſtate of their funds is inſufficient to avail themſelves of this important advantage, therefore praying the aid of this houſe.

Ordered to lie on the table.

Agreeably to the order of the day, the houſe proceeded to the election of a treaſurer of this ſtate for the enſuing year; and the ballots being taken, it appeared that D. Rittenhouſe, eſq. was elected.

The committee appointed for the purpoſe, reported a bill, entitled "an act, to repeal an act, entitled, "An act to ſuſpend the powers of the truſtees of Weſtmoreland county," which was read the firſt time, and ordered to lie on the table.

The committee of accounts made report, which was read as follows, viz.

The committee of accounts beg leave to report,--- That they have received from David Rittenhouſe, eſquire ſtate treaſurer; the ſum of one million, three hundred and ninety-one thouſand, two hundred and ninety one dollars in bills of credit, emitted by reſolution of congreſs of the 18th day of March, 1780, and by act of general aſſembly of the 1ſt day of June, 1780, all of which bills they have examined, counted, burnt, and deſtroyed according to law,

The bill entitled, "an act to repeal an act, entitled, "an act to ſuſpend the powers of the truſtees of Weſtmoreland county," was read the ſecond time and debated by paragraphs.

Ordered, That it be tranſcribed for the third reading, and forthwith printed for conſideration.

Saturday, November 22, 1788.

The committee appointed for the purpoſe, reported a bill, entitled, "A ſupplement to the act entitled, an act to provide for the payment of the principal and intereſt of ſuch of the bills emitted purſuant to reſolution of congreſs of the 18th day of March, 1780 and act of the legiſlature of this ſtate of June the 1ſt, 1780, as ſhall remain unredeemed on the 31ſt day of December, 1786," which was read; and on motion and by ſpecial order, the ſame was read the ſecond time, and debated by paragraphs.

Ordered, That it be tranſcribed for a third reading, and forthwith printed for public conſideration.

A letter from his excellency the preſident of the ſupreme executive council was preſented to the houſe and read as follows, viz.

In Council, Philadelphia, November 22, 1788.

SIR,

I have the honor to tranſmit to you a [illegible] council received this morning, dated [illegible] November 3d, 1788, from Richard Fort[illegible] Gibſon, eſquires, commiſſioners [illegible] Richard Butler [illegible] the Indians the tract of country [illegible] and ceded to this ſtate by the United States [illegible] ther with a liſt of goods immediately wanted [illegible] purpoſe.

Council wiſh to be informed if any ſund[illegible]

provided by the legislature for the payment of such officers--as they may think proper to draw on the treasurer, for the purpose of making the purchase of the Indians of the tract above mentioned, and in conformity with the resolve of the general assembly of the 13th of September, 1788.

I have the honor to be, with great respect, sir, your most obedient and very humble servant.

THOMAS MIFFLIN, president.

The honorable the Speaker of the General Assembly.

Pittsburgh, December 13,

Wednesday last a gentleman arrived here from the Muskingum, who informs us, that the Indians were coming in to the treaty when he left it; that a Mr. Lovelace, who went to the Indian country with Mr. Wilson had arrived and informed them that about 300 Indians were on the way, & would be in in a few days.

We hear from Philadelphia, that during the time the hon. David Redick, esquire, acted as vice president, he gave great satisfaction to the board at which he presided, the members of which entertain the highest respect and esteem for him, as well as every other person who had any business or acquaintance with him. He would have been unanimously re elected vice president, but it was thought by some of the members of the council and assembly, that he was not so federal as to wish the adoption of the constitution without some amendments.

Wednesday the 26th of November last being the day of General Election throughout this state for Representatives in Congress--we have been enabled to collect the following statement, viz.

State of the Poll in Philadelphia City.

Fred. A. Muhlenberg	1774
Henry Wynkoop	1743
Thomas Hartley	1726
Thomas Scott	1718
Thomas Fitzsimons	1714
George Clymer	1699
Stephen Chambers	1217
John Allison	1214
Peter Muhlenberg	821
Daniel Heister	796
William Findley	376
Charles Pettit	357
Gen. William Irvine	333
William Montgomery	309
Blair M'Clenachan	286
Robert Whitehill	272

State of the Poll in Philadelphia County.

Fred. A. Muhlenberg	671
Henry Wynkoop	642
Thomas Hartley	630
Thomas Scott	629
George Clymer	628
Thomas Fitzsimons	624
John Allison	466
Stephen Chambers	459
Peter Muhlenberg	327
Daniel Heister	323
William Findley	172
Gen. William Irvine	167
William Montgomery	158
Charles Pettit	140
Robert Whitehill	125
Blair M'Clenachan	119

State of the Poll in Montgomery County.

Fred A. Muhlenberg	367
Henry Wynkoop	349
Thomas Fitzsimons	326
Thomas Hartley	311
Thomas Scott	308
George Clymer	320
Stephen Chambers	272
John Allison	266
Peter Muhlenberg	300
Daniel Heister	286
William Findley	246
Gen. William Irvine	244
Charles Pettit	243
William Montgomery	232
Blair M'Clenachan	210
Robert Whitehill	185

State of the Poll in Chester County.

Henry Wynkoop	904
Thomas Hartley	903
Fred. A. Muhlenberg	901
Thomas Fitzsimons	900
John Allison	896
Thomas Scott	895
George Clymer	890
Stephen Chambers	890
Peter Muhlenberg	211
Daniel Heister	209
William Findley	205
Charles Pettit	204
William Montgomery	199
Robert Whitehill	199
Gen. William Irvine	198
Blair M'Clenachan	189

State of the Poll in Lancaster County.

Fred. A. Muhlenberg	771
Henry Wynkoop	656
Thomas Hartley	655
Thomas Fitzsimons	652
Stephen Chambers	651
Thomas Scott	649
John Allison	647
George Clymer	642
Peter Muhlenberg	354
Daniel Heister	348
William Findley	347
Charles Pettit	346
Gen William Irvine	344
William Montgomery	343
Blair M'Clenachan	342
Robert Whitehill	293

State of the Poll in York County.

Thomas Hartley	1497
Henry Wynkoop	1494
Fred. A. Muhlenberg	1492
John Allison	1489
Thomas Fitzsimons	1488
Thomas Scott	1486
George Clymer	1482
Stephen Chambers	1475
William Findley	209
Gen. William Irvine	205
Peter Muhlenberg	205
Daniel Heister	203
Charles Pettit	201
Robert Whitehill	198
Blair M'Clenachan	195
William Montgomery	193

State of the Poll in Cumberland County.

William Findley	1599
Gen. William Irvine	1588
Charles Pettit	1563
Peter Muhlenberg	1563
Robert Whitehill	1562
Blair M'Clenachan	1561
William Montgomery	1560
Daniel Heister	1559
Thomas Hartley	294
Fred. A. Muhlenberg	285
Henry Wynkoop	283
John Allison	281
Thomas Scott	281
George Clymer	271
Stephen Chambers	271
Thomas Fitzsimons	268

State of the Poll in Berks County.

Daniel Heister	458
Peter Muhlenberg	450
William Findley	442
Charles Pettit	440
Gen. William Irvine	437
William Montgomery	435
Blair M'Clenachan	430
Robert Whitehill	275
Fred. A. Muhlenberg	187
John Allison	28
Henry Wynkoop	27
George Clymer	26
Thomas Hartley	24
Stephen Chambers	24
Thomas Fitzsimons	7
Thomas Scott	5

State of the Poll in Dauphin County.

Daniel Heister	498
William Findley	495
Charles Pettit	494
Peter Muhlenberg	486
Gen. William Irvine	485
Blair M'Clenachan	480
Robert Whitehill	443
William Montgomery	401
Fred. A. Muhlenberg	121
Thomas Hartley	96
Henry Wynkoop	91
Thomas Fitzsimons	86
George Clymer	85
Thomas Scott	79
Stephen Chambers	76
John Allison	71

State of the Polls in Bedford County

Peter Muhlenberg	214
Daniel Heister	212
William Findley	175
Charles Pettit	173
Gen. William Irvine	173
William Montgomery	172
Blair M'Clenachan	172
Robert Whitehill	168
Fred. A. Muhlenberg	97
George Clymer	93
Henry Wynkoop	92
Thomas Fitzsimons	92
Thomas Hartley	91
Thomas Scott	90
Stephen Chambers	51
John Allison	50

The returns from the other counties of this state have not been received.

Second ODE of ANACREON.

HORNS the surly bull possess
Speedy hoofs the horses bless,
Nature gives the timid hare
Art to 'scape the wiry snare;
Lions dauntless courage know,
By fins the fish escape the foe,
When with guns the covert rings,
Birds escape on joyful wings.

The Gods to men a greater share dispense,
By prudence, judgment, firmness, wit and sense,
But why, alas, should feeble woman know,
No scattered blessings which the Gods bestow;
Beauty is hers, or on the vermeil cheek,
In shape, or in the eye, or bosom sleek,
It wantons graceful, she alone can prove,
Proud man's defeat, all, all must yield to love.

ANECDOTE.

GENERAL Morgan with 800 men, of whom one half were militia, completely beat, at the battle of the Cowpens, colonel Tarleton, who attacked him with 1000 regular troops. Two hundred dragons of that colonel, were put to flight, and briskly pursued by sixty Americans, under colonel Washington. Some months afterwards, Tarleton being in the house of a farmer, spoke with much vanity of himself, and lightly of col. Washington, saying "he wished much to know his face." "It is a pity then," replied a girl in the house, col. Tarleton did not take the pains to turn his head at Cowpens.

Secretary's Office, October 31, 1788.

AGREEABLE to an act of the general assembly of the 13th of September, 1787, entitled "an act for allowing a further time to distribute the donation lands promised to the troops of this commonwealth." Notice is hereby given, That the drawing of the lottery for, and patenting of the said lots, will commence on the 3d day of November next, to be continued to the 13th of September, 1789.

CHARLES BIDDLE, Secretary.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has opened a house of entertainment, at the sign of the

BLACK LION,

near the foot of the Alleghany mountain, 12 miles west of the town of Bedford, on the great road leading from Philadelphia to Pittsburgh, where all gentlemen travellers, and others, who please to favor him with their custom, may depend upon meeting with good entertainment and kind treatment on the most reasonably terms, by the publics most humble servant.

DERRY RYAN.

December 1st, 1788.

WAS committed to Greensburgh jail in December last, a Negro Man, about 45 years of age, tall and slim made, has lost some of his fore teeth; he has been advertised several times, but no owner has appeared. This is to give notice, that unless his master comes and pays the fees, he will be sold on the second Thursday in January next.

WILLIAM PERRY, Sheriff.

Greensburgh, Dec. 8, 1788.

Thomas Chambers,

SADLER.

BEGS leave to inform the public and his friends, that he carries on the Sadler business in its different branches; he flatters himself by his punctuality and attention to serve those who may employ him, to merit a continuance of their favors: he will take country produce, at cash price, for any work he may do.

Pittsburgh, December 12, 1788,

Ten Dollars Reward.

DESERTED from this garriſon on the 1ſt inſt John Barnhald, ſoldier in captain Zeigler's company 1ſt United States Regt. he is a native of Virginia, about 5 feet 11 inches high, remarkably well made, dark complexion, black eyes, and long black hair, wore at the time he went off his regimentals compleat---he is ſuppoſed to have gone to the interior parts of Virginia, where his relations reſide. Whoever will take up ſaid deſerter and ſecure him in any jail, or deliver him at any poſt or garriſon of the United States, ſhall receive the above reward and reaſonable expences.

MATTHEW ERNEST, lieut. art. com.

Fort Pitt, Dec. 2, 1788.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

DESERTED laſt evening from a detachment at this place, under my command, ſergeant Noah Huntley, and Peter Roberts, of captain Heart's company.---Huntley is 5 feet 10 inches high, about 35 years of age, dark hair, and dark complexion, profeſſes to be a good ſeaman, and without doubt will make to a ſea port town---Roberts is about 25 years of age, 5 feet 10 inches high, dark hair, and dark complexion, a native of Connecticut. Whoever will take up ſaid deſerters, and ſecure them in any jail, or deliver them at any poſt or garriſon of the United States, ſhall receive the above reward for both, or Ten Dollars for either, and reaſonable expences.

JOHN JEFFERS, enſign,
1ſt United States Regt;

Pittſburgh, Dec. 3, 1788.

CAME to the houſe of the ſubſcriber, living on Croghan's plantation, ſome time laſt Auguſt, a ſmall red Steer, ſuppoſed to be two years old next ſpring, has a ſmall white ſtar in her forehead, and alſo a ſlit in the nigh ear; the owner is deſired to come, prove property, pay charges and take him away.

ROBERT HENDERSON.

December 4, 1788.

THE ſubſcriber reſpectfully informs the public that he has taken that large and commodious INN, oppoſite to John Lukens, Eſquire, Surveyor General, in Market-ſtreet, near the corner of Seventh-ſtreet, Philadelphia, at the Sign of the

White Horſe.

Where all gentlemen, travellers, and others who pleaſe to favor him with their cuſtom, may depend upon meeting with good entertainment & kind treatment on the moſt reaſonable terms, by the public's humble ſervant.

ROBERT ERWIN.

July 2d, 1788.

N. B. Perſons having buſineſs in the land office, may be aſſiſted in forwarding their buſineſs without any expence. Commands in that line will be executed on the ſhorteſt notice.

ALL perſons who are indebted to the ſubſcriber, are hereby deſired to take notice, that unleſs they do pay off the ſame, or make ſuch arrangements as may be ſatisfactory, they will be ſued without reſpect to perſons, by

NATHL BEDFORD.

Pittſburgh, October 15, 1788.

ALL perſons indebted to the ſubſcriber are requeſted to make payment by the 25th of December next, otherwiſe he will be under the diſagreeable neceſſity of commencing ſuits without reſpect of perſons. He will receive in payment flower, whiſkey, pork, beef, oats, corn, &c. &c.

JOHN GIBSON.

Pittſburgh Nov. 13, 1788.

Juſt Opening and to be Sold by

John Irwin, William Chriſty, Junior, & William Irwin,

At their Store in Market-ſtreet, the corner of Fourth-ſtreet, a neat aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, viz.

DRY Goods, Groceries, Queens Ware, Stationary, Cutlery, &c. Alſo, beſt Allum and Fine Liverpool Salt, Steel and Iron, which they will ſell on the loweſt terms for caſh, or part in beef, flour, whiſkey, genſang, &c.

Pittſburg, Nov. 21ſt, 1788.

A Generous price given for Clean Linen and Cotton

RAGS,

By the Printer hereof.

LET all perſons indebted to the eſtates of JOHN & JAMES PERRY. of Weſtmoreland county, or either of them, TAKE NOTICE, that the ſaid John & James Perry, are conſtituted and appointed attornies in fact to receive and recover all debts and demands not exceeding the ſum of Twenty Pounds, on behalf of the ſaid eſtates.

Hugh H. Brackenridge, eſq; attorney at law, in Pittſburgh, is to recover and receive all debts and demands amounting to Twenty Pounds and upwards due to the eſtates of the ſaid John and James Perry. Thoſe indebted to them, will pleaſe make their payments accordingly, before the 1ſt day of January next, enſuing if they wiſh to avoid the expence and trouble of a law ſuit, which will then be brought againſt them without further notice.

JOHN GARDEN,

One of the aſſignees under a commiſſion of bankruptcy for the eſtates of John and James Perry.

Pittſburgh, 25th Nov. 1788.

TO BE SOLD.

A TRACT of patented Land in Waſhington county, on a branch of Fish creek, adjoining lands of Patrick M'Night, William Parram, Nathan Still, and Moſes Kurth, containing 400 acres, with the uſual allowance. The payments will be made eaſy. For further particulars enquire of THOMAS GIBSON, in Pittſburgh. Nov. 25 1788.

ALL perſons who are any way indebted to the ſubſcriber, are hereby requeſted to ſettle their accounts. Any kind of country produce or accepted orders on ſtores will be taken in payment any time before the firſt of January next, and thoſe who are behind hand at that time, muſt expect to pay their arrears in caſh, as that alone will be taken, and the moſt coercive methods made uſe of to recover the ſame without further notice.

ANDREW WATSON.

Pittſburgh, Nov. 26, 1788.

NOTICE

IS hereby given to all perſons indebted to the late partnerſhips of CRAIG, BAYARD, & Co DANIEL BRITT & Co. ISAAC CRAIG & Co. and TURNBULL, MARMIE & Co. of this place, and JOHN BOREMAN & Co. of Muddy creek, Waſhington county, all of which companies being diſſolved; that in conſequence of the inattention paid to the ſeveral notifications that have been given, in order to diſcharge the debts due to thoſe ſeveral companies; the ſubſcriber is under the diſagreeable neceſſity of informing them, that unleſs the debts aforeſaid are diſcharged, or ſatisfactory arrangements made to WILLIAM J. MILLER of Pittſburgh, and JOHN BOREMAN at Muddy creek, on or before the 10th day of December next, ſuits will be commenced for the recovery of all ſuch debts, without reſpect of perſons, by Robert Galbraith, Eſquire, and John Woods, Eſquire, attornies at law, appointed for that purpoſe.

WILLIAM TURNBULL,
Attorney for the concerned.

Pittſburgh, Nov. 10, 1788.

THE ſubſcriber having removed from his old boat yard on the Monongahela, to the ferry houſe known by the name of Roſs's Ferry, oppoſite the town of Pittſburgh, where he purpoſes ferrying man & horſe &c. and to keep a houſe of entertainment on the moſt reaſonable terms. Thoſe who may be pleaſed to favor him with their cuſtom, may depend on the ſtricteſt attention being paid to their commands.

He alſo intends carrying on the Boat Building buſineſs as formerly, thoſe who wiſh to be furniſhed either with flat or keel bottom boats, may be ſupplied on the ſhorteſt notice, and at as moderate prices as any in the weſtern country. By the public's moſt humble ſervant.

ALEXANDER CRAIG,

November 3d, 1788.

RANAWAY from my plantation at Berry's Ferry in Frederick county, Virginia, between the 1ſt and 15th of September laſt, four negroes, to wit. Toney, about 35 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, well made, very artful, and ſpeaks ſlow, has a remarkable way of gritting his jaw teeth when ſpoke to or examined, and has a ſcar on his right breaſt below his collar bone four or five inches long; the fleſh conſiderably higher than the other part, occaſioned by a tree falling on him.

Bob, about the ſame height of Toney, round made and well proportioned, very black, with ſmall eyes, which generally appear red or yellowiſh, ſpeaks loud and bold, with much confidence, about 25 years of age.

Jeffrey, about the ſame height and age, but rather ſpare made, and not ſo ſtrait, nor altogether ſo black as the others, his ankle bones very much in, and under his feet, with very narrow heels, which leaves a print on the ground very broad where the hollow of his foot ſhould be, alſo ſeveral warts or lumps on his noſe, ſlow ſpeech, and deceitful look.

Pleaſant, a very low woman, wife to Toney, but well ſet large features, has loſt all, or the greater part of her fore teeth, walks briſk and ſlively and at times very complaiſant. She has lately gave ſuck, as ſhe left a young child behind about 8 or 9 months old. She is much the complexion of Jeffrey, and is about 25 years of age; ſhe took with her ſundry cloathes ſuch as country cloth habits, ſtriped in the warp; the others alſo took with them their negro cotton jackets and long breeches made of negro cotton, oſnabrigs ſhirts &c. ſuch as negroes generally wear in Virginia, but as they all lived at the aforeſaid ferry, and Toney has had the management and charge of it for this year paſt, I do not in the leaſt doubt but he, as well as the reſt, has procured other clothes as well as paſſes. Toney is a tolerable carpenter, and he and Bob ſaw well at the whip ſaw, and is a very handy fellow at any kind of work. I will give a reward of Five Pounds for each, if taken out of the ſtate, or one hundred miles from home, and Three Pounds if within the ſtate to any perſon that will deliver them or either of them to me in Frederick county, Virginia, within ſix miles of the ſaid ferry, beſides reaſonable charges.

JOHN EDMONDS.

N. B. I hereby forewarn all perſons from employing the ſaid ſlaves, as I am determined to proceed againſt them as the law directs.

PITTSBURGH: Printed and Sold by JOHN SCULL, at his Printing-Office in Water Street, near Crawford's Ferry, where Subſcriptions for (the 16th Vol. of this) Advertiſements, &c. for this Paper, are thankfully received, and PRINTING in its different Branches is done with Care and Expedition. ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding a Square are inſerted three Weeks for a Dollar, and every Continuance after the fourth of the Inſertion [illegible]

Ten Dollars Reward.

DESERTED from this garriſon on the 1ſt inſt John Barnhald, ſoldier in captain Zeigler's company 1ſt United States Regt. he is a native of Virginia, about 5 feet 11 inches high, remarkably well made, dark complexion, black eyes, and long black hair, wore at the time he went off his regimentals compleat---he is ſuppoſed to have gone to the interior parts of Virginia, where his relations reſide. Whoever will take up ſaid deſerter and ſecure him in any jail, or deliver him at any poſt or garriſon of the United States, ſhall receive the above reward and reaſonable expences.

MATTHEW ERNEST, lieut. art. com.

Fort Pitt, Dec. 2, 1788.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

DESERTED laſt evening from a detachment at this place, under my command, ſergeant Noah Huntley, and Peter Roberts, of captain Heart's company.---- Huntley is 5 feet 10 inches high, about 35 years of age, dark hair, and dark complexion, profeſſes to be a good ſeaman, and without doubt will make to a ſea port town --- Roberts is about 25 years of age, 5 feet 10 inches high, dark hair, and dark complexion, a native of Connecticut. Whoever will take up ſaid deſerters, and ſecure them in any jail, or deliver them at any poſt or garriſon of the United States, ſhall receive the above reward for both, or Ten Dollars for either, and reaſonable expences.

JOHN JEFFERS, enſign,
1ſt United States Regt;

Pittſburgh, Dec. 3, 1788.

CAME to the houſe of the ſubſcriber, living on Croghan's plantation, ſome time laſt Auguſt, a ſmall red Steer, ſuppoſed to be two years old next ſpring, has a ſmall white ſtar in her forehead, and alſo a ſlit in the nigh ear; the owner is deſired to come, prove property, pay charges and take him away.

ROBERT HENDERSON.

December 4, 1788.

THE ſubſcriber reſpectfully informs the public that he has taken that large and commodious INN, oppoſite to John Lukens, Eſquire, Surveyor General, in Market-ſtreet, near the corner of Seventh-ſtreet, Philadelphia, at the Sign of the

White Horſe.

Where all gentlemen, travellers, and others who pleaſe to favor him with their cuſtom, may depend upon meeting with good entertainment & kind treatment on the moſt reaſonable terms, by the public's humble ſervant.

ROBERT ERWIN.

July 2d, 1788.

N. B. Perſons having buſineſs in the land office, may be aſſiſted in forwarding their buſineſs without any expence. Commands in that line will be executed on the ſhorteſt notice.

ALL perſons who are indebted to the ſubſcriber, are hereby deſired to take notice, that unleſs they do pay off the [illegible] or make ſuch arrangements as may be ſatisfactory, they will be ſued without reſpect to perſons.

NATH. BEDFORD.

Pittſburgh, October 15, 1788.

ALL perſons indebted to the ſubſcriber are requeſted to make payment by the 25th of December next, otherwiſe he will be under the diſagreeable neceſſity of commencing ſuits without reſpect of perſons. He will receive in payment flower, whiſkey, pork, beef, oats, corn, &c. &c.

JOHN GIBSON.

Pittſburgh Nov. 13, 1788.

Juſt Opening and to be Sold by

John Irwin, William Chriſty, Junior, & William Irwin,

At their Store in Market-ſtreet, the corner of Fourth-ſtreet, a neat aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, viz.

DRY Goods, Groceries, Queens Ware, Stationary, Cutlery, &c. Alſo, beſt Allum and Fine Liverpool Salt, Steel and Iron, which they will ſell on the loweſt terms for caſh, or part in beef, flour, whiſkey, genſang, &c.

Pittſburg, Nov. 21ſt, 1788.

A Generous price given for Clean Lineh and Cotton

RAGS,

By the Printer hereof.

LET all perſons indebted to the eſtates of John & James Perry. of Weſtmoreland county, or either of them, TAKE NOTICE, that the ſaid John & James Perry, are conſtituted and appointed attornies in fact to receive and recover all debts and demands not exceeding the ſum of Twenty Pounds, on behalf of the ſaid eſtates.

Hugh H. Brackenridge, eſq; attorney at law, in Pittſburgh, is to recover and receive all debts and demands amounting to Twenty Pounds and upwards due to the eſtates of the ſaid John and James Perry. Thoſe indebted to them, will pleaſe make their payments accordingly, before the 1ſt day of January next, enſuing if they wiſh to avoid the expence and trouble of a law ſuit, which will then be brought againſt them without further notice.

JOHN GARDEN,

One of the aſſignees under a commiſſion of bankruptcy for the eſtates of John and James Perry.

Pittſburgh, 25th Nov. 1788.

TO BE SOLD.

A TRACT of patented Land in Waſhington county, on a branch of Fish creek, adjoining lands of Patrick M'Night, William Parram, Nathan Still, and Moſes Kurth, containing 400 acres, with the uſual allowance. The payments will be made eaſy. For further particulars enquire of THOMAS GIBSON, in Pittſburgh. Nov. 26 1788.

ALL perſons who are any way indebted to the ſubſcriber, are hereby requeſted to ſettle their accounts. Any kind of country produce or accepted orders on ſtores will be taken in payment any time before the firſt of January next, and thoſe who are behind hand at that time, muſt expect to pay their arrears in caſh, as that alone will be taken, and the moſt coercive methods made uſe of to recover the ſame without further notice.

ANDREW WATSON.

Pittſburgh, Nov. 26, 1788.

NOTICE

IS hereby given to all perſons indebted to the late partnerſhips of CRAIG, BAYARD & Co. to DANIEL BRITT & Co. ISAAC CRAIG & Co. and TURNBULL, MARMIE & Co. of this place, and JOHN BOREMAN & Co. of Muddy creek, Waſhington county, all of which companies being diſſolved; that in conſequence of the attention paid to the ſeveral notifications that have been given, in order to diſcharge the debts due to thoſe ſeveral companies; the ſubſcriber is under the diſagreeable neceſſity of informing them, that unleſs the debts aforeſaid are diſcharged, or ſatisfactory arrangements made to WILLIAM J. MILLER of Pittſburgh, and JOHN BOREMAN at Muddy creek, on or before the 10th day of December next, ſuits will be commenced for the recovery of all ſuch debts, without reſpect of perſons, by Robert Galbraith, Eſquire, and John Woods, Eſquire, attornies at law, appointed for that purpoſe.

WILLIAM TURNBULL,
Attorney for the concerned.

Pittſburgh, Nov. 10, 1788.

THE ſubſcriber having removed from his old boat yard on the Monongahela, to the ferry-houſe known by the name of Roſs's Ferry, oppoſite the town of Pittſburgh, where he purpoſes ferrying man & horſe &c. and to keep a houſe of entertainment on the moſt reaſonable terms. Thoſe who may be pleaſed to favor him with their cuſtom, may depend on the ſtricteſt attention being paid to their commands.

He alſo intends carrying on the Boat Building buſineſs as formerly, thoſe who wiſh to be furniſhed therewith flat or keel bottom boats may be ſupplied on the ſhorteſt notice, and at as moderate prices as any in the weſtern country, by the public's moſt humble ſervant.

ALEXANDER CRAIG.

November 3d, 1788.

RANAWAY from my plantation at Berry's Ferry in Frederick county, Virginia, between the 1ſt and 15th of September laſt, four negroes, to wit. Toney, about 35 years of age, 6 feet 2 or 3 inches high, well made, very artful, and ſpeaks ſlow, has a remarkable way of gritting his jaw teeth when ſpoke to or examined, and has a ſcar on his right breaſt below his collar bone four or five inches long, the fleſh conſiderably higher than the other part, occaſioned by a tree falling on him.

Bob, about the ſame height of Toney, round made and well proportioned, very black, with ſmall eyes, which generally appear red or yelloviſh, ſpeaks loud and bold, with much confidence, about 25 years of age.

Jeffrey, about the ſame height and age, but rather ſpare made, and not ſo ſtrait, not altogether ſo black as the others, his ankle bones very much in, and under his feet, with very narrow heels, which leaves a print on the ground very broad where the hollow of his foot ſhould be, alſo ſeveral warts or lumps on his noſe, ſlow ſpeech, and deceitful look.

Pleaſant, a very low woman, wife to Toney, but well ſet large features, has loſt all, or the greater part of her fore teeth, walks briſk and lively and at times very complaiſant. She has lately gave ſuck, as ſhe left a young child behind about 9 or 10 months old She is much the complexion of Jeffrey, and is about 25 years of age; ſhe took with her ſundry cloathes ſuch as country cloth habits, [illegible] in the warp; the others alſo took with them negro cotton jackets and long breeches made of the ſame cotton, oſnabrigs ſhirts &c. ſuch as negroes generally wear in Virginia, but as they all lived at the ferry, and Toney has had the management and charge of it for this year paſt, I do not in the leaſt doubt but he, as well as the reſt, has procured other cloathes as well as paſſes Toney is a tolerable waterman, and he and Bob ſaw well at the whip ſaw, and are very handy fellow at any kind of work. I will give a reward of Five Pounds for each, if taken out of the ſtate, or one hundred miles from home, Three Pounds if within the ſtate to any perſon who will deliver them of either of them to me in Berry's Ferry, Virginia, within ſix miles of the ſaid ferry, and all reaſonable charges.

JOHN [illegible]

N. B. I hereby forewarn all perſons harbouring the ſaid ſlaves, as I am determined to proſecute againſt them as the law directs.

PITTSBURGH: Printed and Sold by JOHN SCULL, at his Printing-Office in Water Street, near Crogan's Fort, where Subſcriptions (one) Advertiſements, &c. for this Paper, are thankfully received, and PRINTING in its different Branches is done with Care and Expedition. TERMS per exceeding a Square are inſerted three Weeks for a Dollar, and every Continuance after the fourth of Inſertion [illegible]